

Q1 2023 RESULTS

RICARDO GARCIA, VICE CHAIRMAN MANUEL ARRIAGADA, CEO 16 MAY 2023 - SANTIAGO, CHILE



AGENDA

01 HIGHLIGHTS

> 02 OPERATIONAL REVIEW

04 FINANCIAL

03

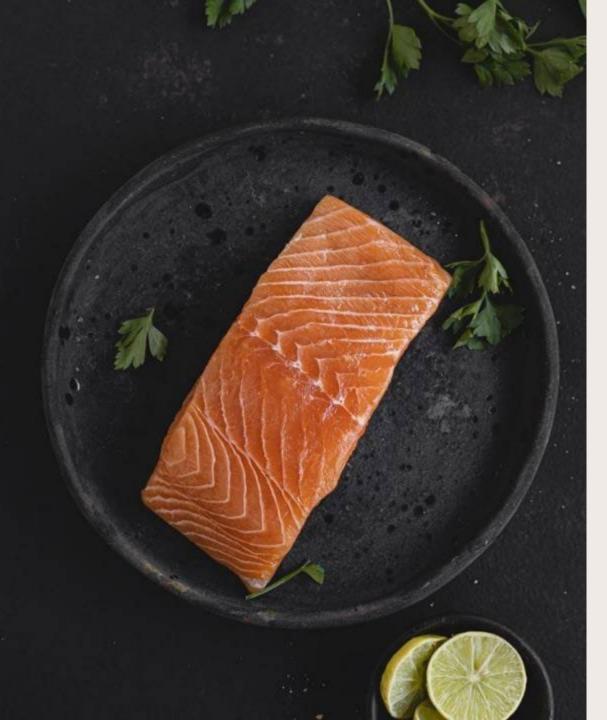
MARKETS

REVIEW

05 ESTIMATES

06

SUMMARY



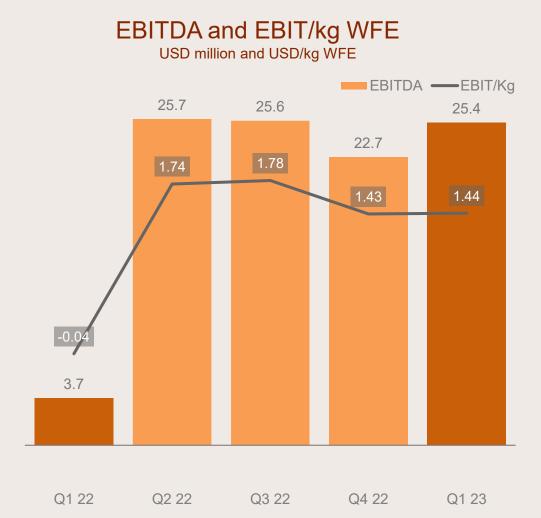
Q1 2023 HIGHLIGHTS

- 1. Favorable price achievement and lower costs made a good start for the year, with Ebitda of USD 25.4m or 7 times Q1 2022.
- 2. The summer ended without extraordinary oceanographic incidents and consequential mortalities, which were low and lower than peers.
- 3. Operating Revenues were 41% higher than Q1 2022, at USD 113.8m, as volume sold increased by 12% and Atlantic salmon price rose 15%.
- 4. Atlantic harvest LW cost was USD 4.27/Kg, 2% lower than Q1 2022, but still pressed by higher feed costs, costs related to risk mitigation measures, and inflation.
- 5. Harvest and processing costs was USD 1.24/kg WFE, down from USD 1.29, but still higher than long term target..
- 6. EBIT/Kg WFE for Atlantic salmon was USD 1.68, up 193 US cents from Q1 2022, due to better salmon price achievement and higher volumes sold.
- 7. Total 2023 harvest guide has not changed from 44-46k MT Atlantic and 10-12k MT Coho



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS







GROWTH IN HARVEST & STOCKINGS IN 2023

- Higher harvest volume in Q1 23 • (+37% vs Q1 22) with good productive performance.
- Increase in total stockings, with • special growth in Coho, duplicating 2022's units (aiming a reduction of biological risk).
- Atlantic 2023 harvest plan at • 44-46 thousand MT WFE, 10-12 thousand MT WFE for Coho.
- Industry Atlantic stocking* in Q1 23 ٠ Atlantic S was down 12% YTD, and a decrease of 10% for Coho. Coho Ha

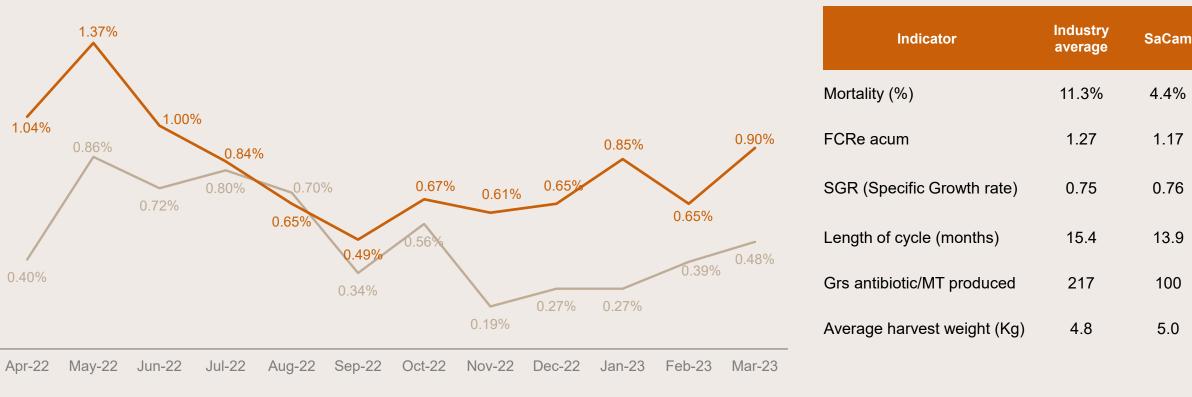
				Atla							o lt st n unite		ing				
	13.1	10.7	13.4	15.8	9.2	6.4	9.5	15.0	8.1	12.4	14.3	9.7	11.1	6-7	12-13	13-14	
	Q1	Q2 20	Q3 20	Q4	Q1	Q2 20	Q3 21	Q4	Q1	Q2 20	Q3 22	Q4	Q1	Q2 20	Q3 23	Q4	
Atlantic Harvest volume (1,000 MT)		53.0			40.1				44.5			44-46					
Atlantic Smolt Stocking (millions units)	 	11.4			10.1				9.8			11-12					
Coho Harvest volume (1,000 MT)	3.7			1.8				4.0				10-12					
Coho Smolt Stocking (millions units)	1.1			0.6			1.6			2-3							
Total Stocking (millions units)		12.5			10.7			11.4			13-15						

OPERATIONAL REVIEW

ATLANTIC BIOLOGY: RELATIVE PERFORMANCE

Mortality rate SaCam vs Industry (ex-SC)

SaCam vs Industry indicators (closed groups Jan-Mar 2023)

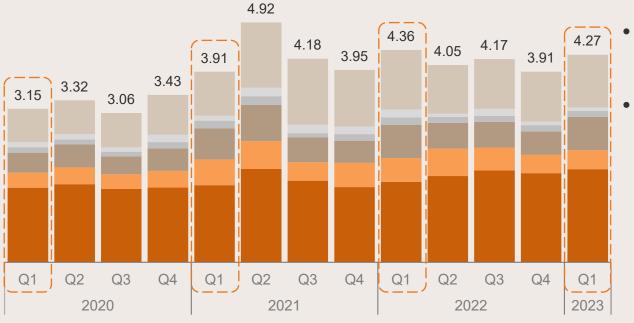


----Salmones Camanchaca ----Industry (without SC)



ATLANTIC FARMING COST

Atlantic salmon LW ex-cage cost



■ Feed ■ OPEX ■ Smolt ■ Labor ■ Fish health ■ Other

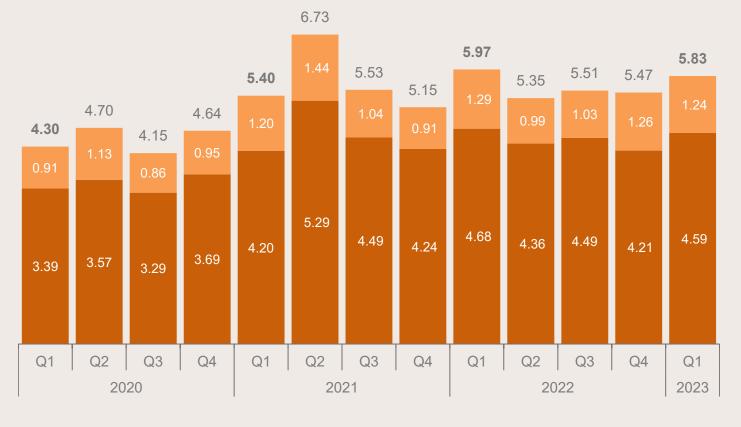
- Q1 23 live weight cost at USD 4.27/kg, 2% lower than Q1 22 (USD 4.36/kg)
- Approximately USD 1/Kg increase in farming costs vis a vis pre-pandemic levels due to:
 - Higher feed cost
 - Mitigation measures for bloom/oxygen risks
 - Inflation



ATLANTIC FINISHED PRODUCT: ALL-IN COST

- Total cost at USD 5.83/Kg WFE, down 2.3% vs Q1 22
- Processing cost at USD 1.24/Kg WFE, lower than Q1 22 due to higher processed volume but stressed by inflation

Atlantic Finished Product Cost



Ex-cage cost

Processing cost



ATLANTIC FARMING SUSTAINABLY

Atlantic sustainability indicators

(closed sites) Q1 Q1 Q1 Q1 2020 2021 2022 2023 **FIFO** Ratio 0.61 0.75 0.54 0.43 15/9 14/10 Length of cycle/Fallow period (months) 17/7 17/7# Escapes 0 0 0 0 # of antibiotic treatments 1.6 2.0 2.6 0.5 Antibiotic usage (g/MT) 407 519 599 53 Antiparasitic usage (g/MT) 15.7 4.1 12.6 5.4

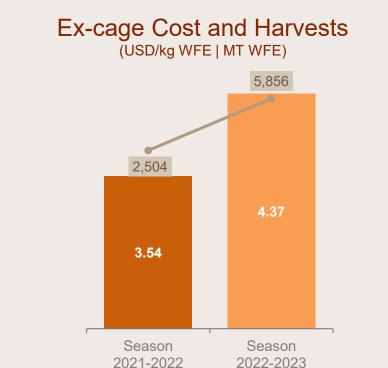
- Fish in Fish Out-ratio well below 1 and big improvement in Q1 23
- Important decrease of antibiotic and antiparasitic usage (g/MT) due to good sanitary and biological conditions
- Outstanding fallow period: 14 months from productive cycle to the next one
- % of ASC certified harvested fish increased from 89% in Q1 2022 to 100% in Q1 2023





Coho sustainability and productive indicators (closed sites)

	Q1 2022	Q1 2023
Mortality rate (%)	7.17	10.2
FIFO Ratio	0.26	0
Length of cycle (months)	10	11
# Escapes	0	0
FCRb	1.09	1.14



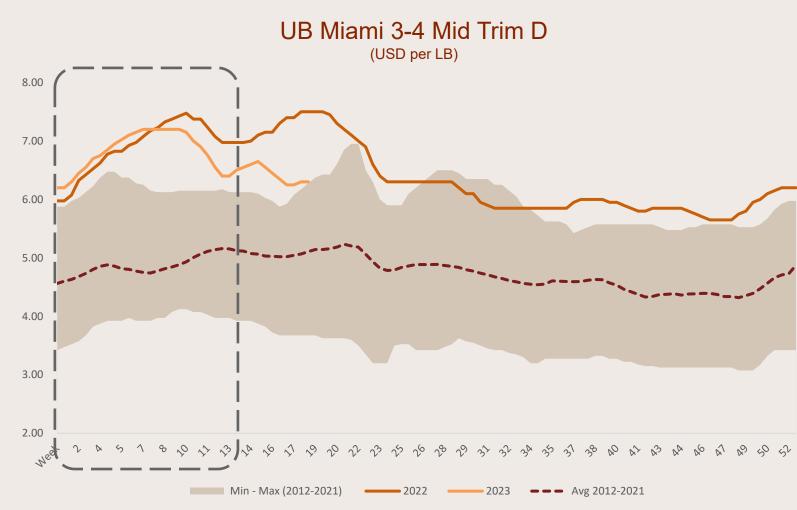
Ex-cage cost — Harvest Volume

- Fish in Fish Out ratio at 0 in Q1 23
- No antibiotic and antiparasitic usage (g/MT)
- Higher ex-cage costs attributable to increases in feed costs, inflationary pressures and particularly by an incident of jaundice and the maladaptation of some fish in seawater



MARKETS

ATLANTIC SALMON PRICE: BREAKING RECORDS



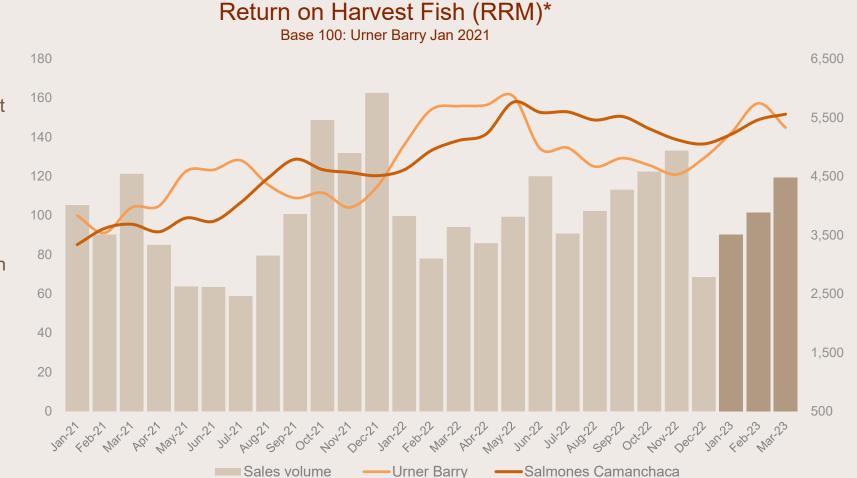
- Prices in 2023 influenced by strong demand from USA, Mexico, Brazil and China.
- Limited global supply. Total -1% for Chile 2023 :

Q1: 3%
Q2: -5%
Q3: -4%
Q4: 2%

- Historical peak prices during Feb-23
- Prices moderated in Mar-Apr as demand in main markets suffered from inflation



SACAM ATLANTIC PRICE ACHIEVEMENT



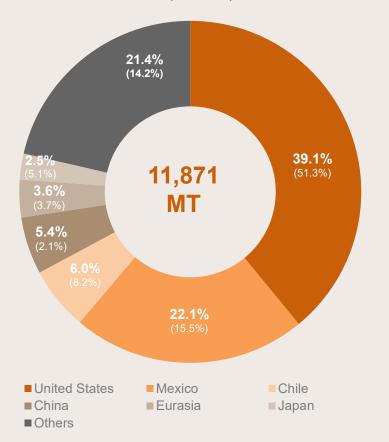
- SC below benchmark during the first 2 months as price rose sharply
- SaCam's raw material return was 33 cents above Urner Barry in March, when volume was larger
- Flexibility in our processing and export markets explains optimization of fish's return.
- Company's value-added strategy tends to generate more stable prices



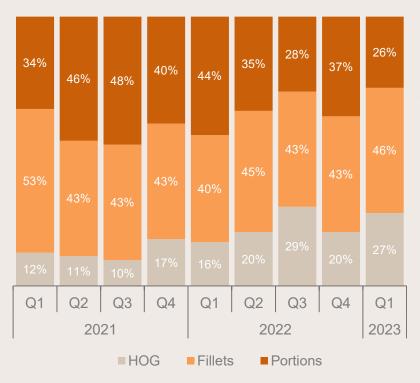
Thousand MT WFE

ATLANTIC'S SALES & VALUE ADDED STRATEGY MIX (% OF SALES VOLUME WFE)

Q1 2023 (Q1 2022)



Distribution by product type



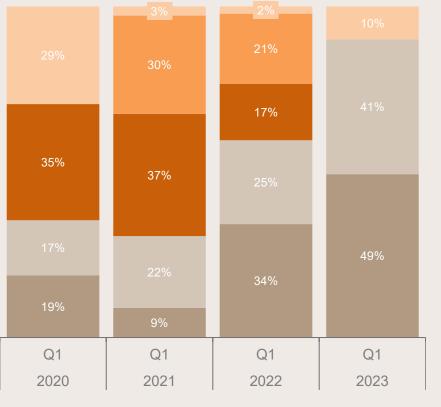
- USA continues to be the largest market with 39%
- 2nd largest was Mexico with 22%
- Value-added sales at 73%, lower than Q4 2022:
- HOG has varied from 10% to 30% in last 2 years, as we optimize based on processing and market flexibility.



COHO: FORMATS & MARKETS

(% OF SALES VOLUME WFE)

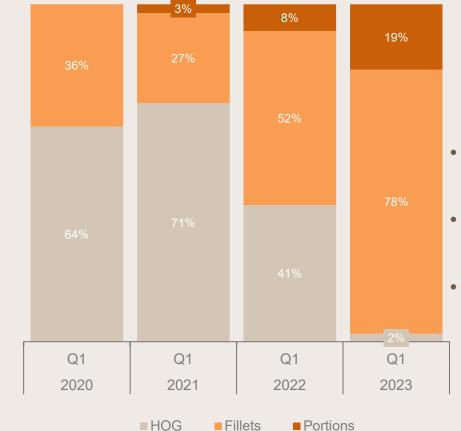
Sales by market



China & SEA

Japan & Korea

Sales by product type



- Japan&Korea: largest market in ´20 & ´21.
- Mexico and USA: largest
 markets in 2023
- Value added: from 36% in 2020 to 97% in 2023



Others

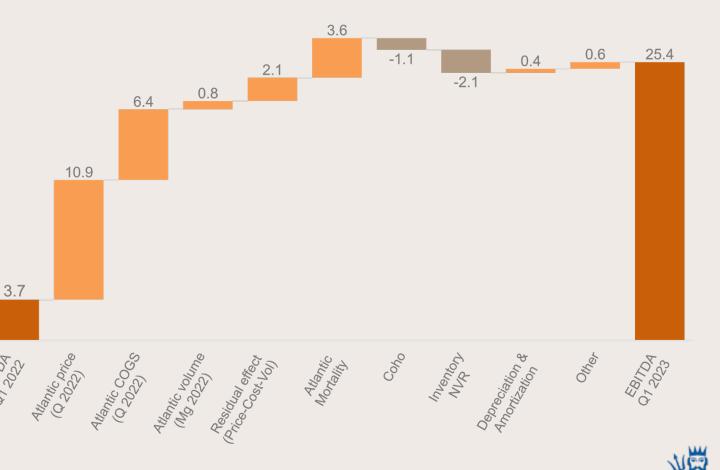
USA & Canada LATAM

FINANCIAL REVIEW

EBITDA Q1 23 VS Q1 22: WATERFALL

- EBITDA of USD 25,4m: +USD 21.7m higher than Q1 2022
- Main driver: higher prices, low COGS and low mortality.
- Atlantic COGS decreased, a positive effect of USD 6.4m from Q1 2022.
- No extraordinary mortality vis a vis USD 3,7m in Q1 2022.
- Ebitda affected by Coho's higher costs and inventory NVR

EBITDA Bridge of USD +21.7m (USD million)



Q1 PROFIT & LOSS:

- Total Revenues increased 41% to USD 114m
- Q1 23 vs Q1 22 EBIT improved +USD 21.7m and reached USD 25,4m
- Non-operational loss: USD 2.5 higher in Q1 due to:
 - Higher reference interest rate (libor) on financial debt (USD -0.8m) offset by USD 46m debt reduction.
 - Lower results from Trout JV: Loss of USD 0.4m in Q1 23 vs Profit of USD 0.8m Q1 22

Condensed profit and loss statement (Thousand USD)

Profit & Loss	Q1	Q1	Δ
(Th USD)	2023	2022	23 vs 22
Total Revenues	113,794	80,946	32,848
SG&A	-6,123	-4,675	-1,448
EBITDA	25,414	3,727	21,687
Depreciation and amortization	4,513	4,152	361
EBIT	20,901	-425	21,326
Fair value adjustments	-7,456	2,759	-10,215
EBIT after fair value	13,445	2,334	11,111
Non operational items	-2,655	-156	-2,499
Profit before tax	10,790	2,178	8,612
Estimated taxation	-2,856	-557	-2,299
Net profit for the period	7,934	1,621	6,313

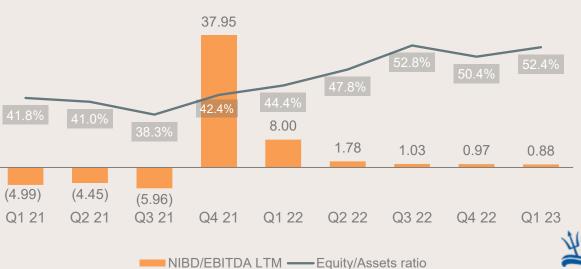


Q1 CASH FLOW

- USD 4.4m negative operating cash flow in 2023 due to lower collections from lower sales in Q4 2022, and Coho's harvest/sales postponement.
- Use of cash flow for investments reached USD 5.9m as SaCam deploys measures to mitigate sea-site farming risk; move to southern geographies; more Coho; and various new operational technologies.
- No additional debt reductions in this quarter.
- Positive trend in Financial ratios.
- Net Financial Debt was USD 87m i.e. USD 1.63/Kg (LTM harvest volume)

Cash Flow (USD million)

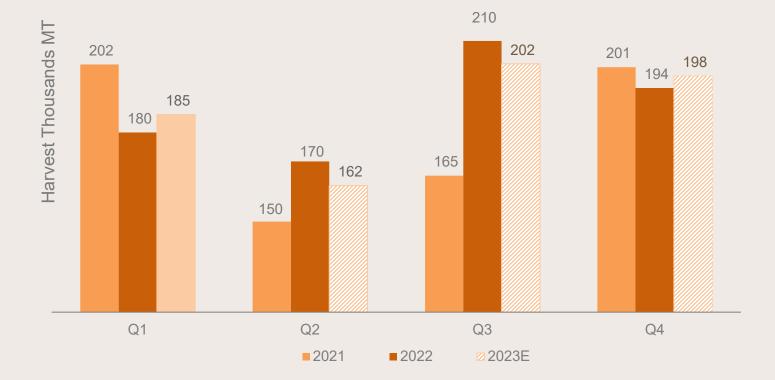




Financial ratios evolution



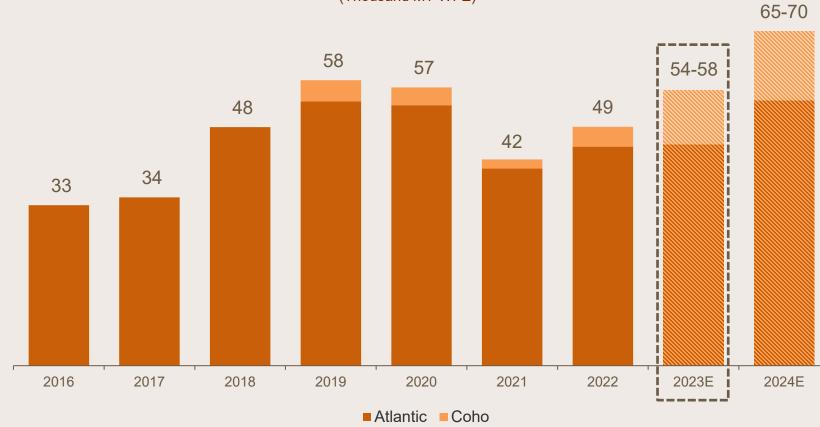
CHILEAN INDUSTRY SUPPLY ATLANTIC ESTIMATES



- Year 2023E: -1% annual production drop (+1% global), composed by:
 - Q1: +3%
 - Q2: -5%
 - Q3: -4%
 - Q4: +2%



SALMONES CAMANCHACA'S GROWTH PLAN



Harvest volume* (Thousand MT WFE)



- 2021: low volume due to summer algae bloom
- 2023: full recovery with new species mix
- 2024: achieving full current capacity

*Figures do not include trout joint venture volumes. The JV has an estimated average annual capacity for 8-9,000 MT WFE from 2023. Projections might change by market or environmental conditions.



SUMMARY

- 1. Good biological, market and cost performance made a good start of 2023.
- 2. Price remains high, balancing cost inflation, but has soften in Q2. SaCam benefits from multiple format and market options
- 3. Atlantic's EBIT/Kg of USD 1.68 is the 4th consecutive high level achieved
- Dividend Paid on May 8th equivalent to 60% of 2022 Net Distributable Profit, with a Dividend Yield ~ 7,3%
- Keep 2023 guidance of 54-58k total harvest, with a ~50% increase in Coho and 20% in Atlantic
- 6. Chilean supply in 2023 for Atlantic is likely to decline

